## H-1 Series Industrial Turbidity and Suspended Solids Analyzer (4-Wire System) HU-200TB-IM



## Measurement target

Turbidity and suspended solids in solution

## Measuring principle

90-degree transmission scattering method, transmission method

Overview

This product comprises a converter (HU-200TB-IM) and an immersion type detector (SS-150).

The SS-150 measures turbidity and suspended solids by detecting scattered light, transmitted light and reference light and calculating the signals of these.

Turbidity is measured using the transmission scattering method, in which calculations are made using transmitted light and scattered light. Either kaolin solution or formazin solution can be selected for sensitivity calibrations. When calibrating with formazin, NTU is selected as the turbidity unit.

Suspended solids can be measured using either the transmission scattering method or the transmission method (in which calculations are made using transmitted light and reference light). mg/L is selected as the suspended solids unit.

Absorbance correlates strongly with the concentration of suspended solids, meaning that turbidity can be calculated from the absorbance. Absorbance can also be used for control, straight line conversion and recording. If the correlation between absorbance and the concentration of suspended solids in wastewater (determined by manual analysis) is known, the absorbance can be converted to a concentration value using a three-dimensional function.

This device is equipped with two transfer outputs (DC 4 - 20 mA). Up to four transfer ranges can be set for these transfer outputs, and the optimum range can either be set by a command created by two external contact points or be set automatically by this device's automatic range switching function.

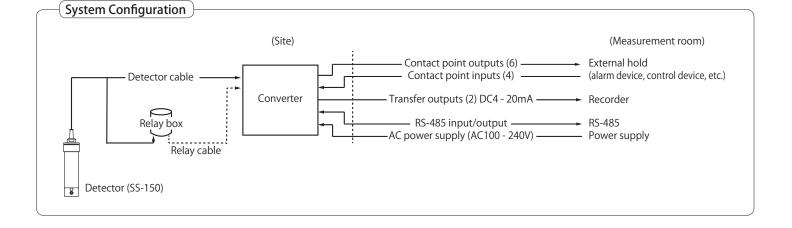
This device is equipped with three contact point outputs. Output content such as upper and lower limit alarms, "Error", "Cleaning" or "Hold" can be allocated to each contact point, and a delay time can be set for each contact point output.

The detector is equipped with an automatic cleaning device. The interior surface of the sensor head is cleaned automatically by wipers at set intervals or by external command.

An optional chain unit for hanging, wire and spindle immersion guide and jet cleaning pipe unit are also available.

## Uses

Control and monitoring of drain water processing and production processes.



## HU-200TB-IM Turbidity and Suspended Solids Analyzer (Overview 1)

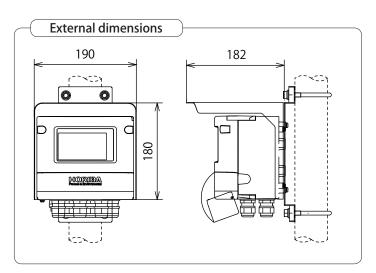
## Merits

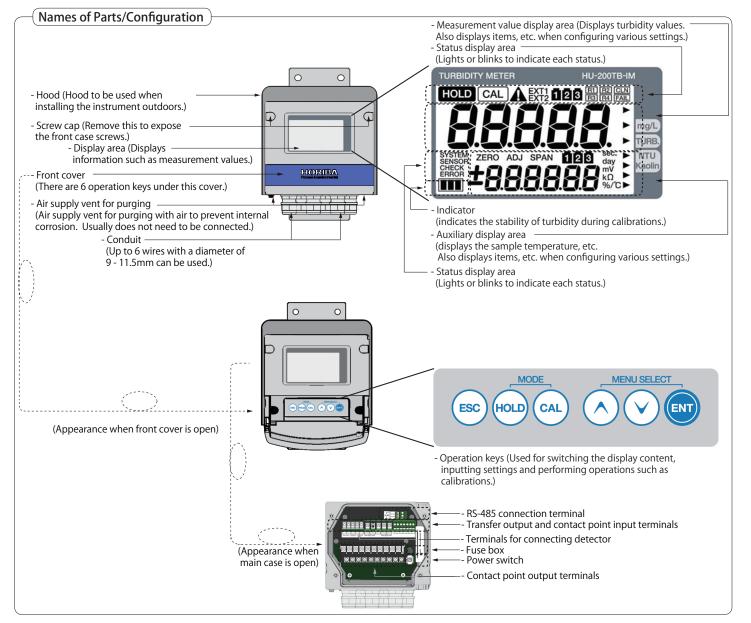
#### **Characteristics of Converter**

- Aluminum die cast
- Ample wiring space and terminal block that prevents screw loss
- Can be installed outdoors (drip-proof structure equivalent to IP65)
   Easy-to-read display (150% larger than Horiba's conventional displays)
- Easy-to-read display (150% larger than Horiba's conventional display conventionad display conventionad display conventionad display conventiona
- Ample self-diagnosis functions
- Free transfer output ranges can be set
- Automatic switching and external switching of transfer range
- Embedded sequence software for automatic calibration
- Calibration history memory
- Fixed data can be called from the detector, enabling measurements with no instrumental error
- Easy-to-use key sheet

#### **Characteristics of Detector**

- Sensor heads made from PFA, which does not easily get dirty
- Long-life near-infrared LED light source
- Transmission scattering method or transmission method can be selected as a measurement method
- Automatic cleaning by wipers (optional jet cleaning pipe unit can be installed)
- Turbidity can be measured to two decimal places
- Turbidity can be measured up to 4000 NTU
- Easy turbidity calibration by span checker
- Surrounding light is canceled by blinking light sources
- Low-drift electronic circuits
- Equipped with CPU and memory for saving calibration data





## HU-200TB-IM Turbidity and Suspended Solids Analyzer (Overview 2)

## **Power Source**

- The instrument power source is a free power source with a rated voltage of AC100-240 V, 50/60Hz. The maximum output is 35VA.

#### Transmission output

- Equipped with 2 transfer outputs.
- A DC 4 20 mA signal compatible with the measurement range is output. - Receiving resistance on the receiving instrument side is a maximum of 900  $\Omega$

#### Range output

- External or automatic switching between up to 4 measurement ranges.

#### Measuring principle

The detector is equipped with functions for detecting transmitted light, scattered light and light source intensity, and measurements by the transmission scattering method and measurements by the transmission method can be conducted selectively.

Influence from surrounding light is canceled by a near infrared LED light source that blinks at around 2 Hz.

In the following explanation, the transmitted light signal is referred to as "T", the scattered light signal is referred to as "S" and the light source intensity signal is referred to as "R". The transmission scattering method calculates turbidity from the ratio of S to T. In the transmission method, the transmission ratio and absorbance are calculated from the ratio of T to R and then converted to the concentration of suspended solids.

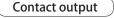
The instrument is equipped with a function for displaying and outputting absorbance within a range of 0 to 3.

While absorbance is proportionate to low concentrations of suspended solids, the proportionate relationship peaks and then lessens with high concentrations of suspended solids. A straight-line signal suitable for high concentrations can be obtained by inputting a three-dimensional function for converting absorbance to the concentration of suspended solids. % is used as the unit for suspended solid concentration so that the converted values can be displayed within a range of 0 to 3. Absorbance can be converted to a concentration of up to 3%.





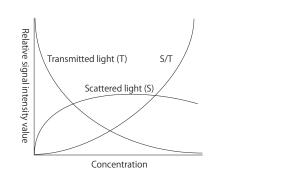
Transmission scattering method



Equipped with 6 contact point outputs. The contact capacity is less than AC 250 V and 3A or DC 30V and 3 A.

## Turbidity and suspended solids detector

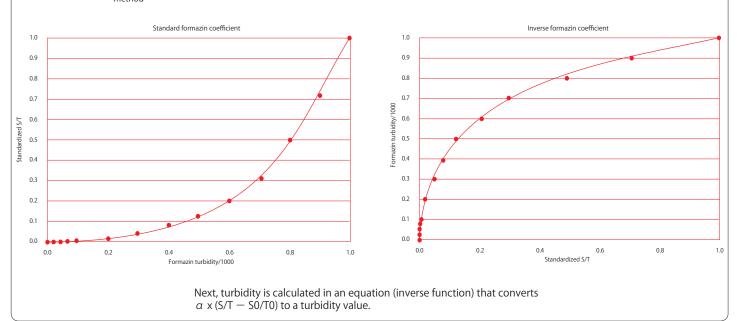
- Turbidity and suspended solids can be analyzed by the same detector. - Optional cleaning unit can be installed.



Measuring turbidity by the transmission scattering method

S/T cancels fluctuations in the light source and detector and light attenuation caused by localized dirt.

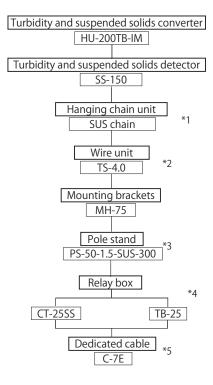
The S/T value of zero water measurements is remembered as S0/ T0. As (S/T - S0/T0) is a relative value, multiply by factor  $\alpha$  to find a standard function value corresponding to the turbidity value when performing span calibration.



# HU-200TB-IM Turbidity and Suspended Solids Analyzer (Combination 1)

Below are combinations suitable for the specifications of products such as the converter and detector. Refer to the section on each product for detailed specifications.

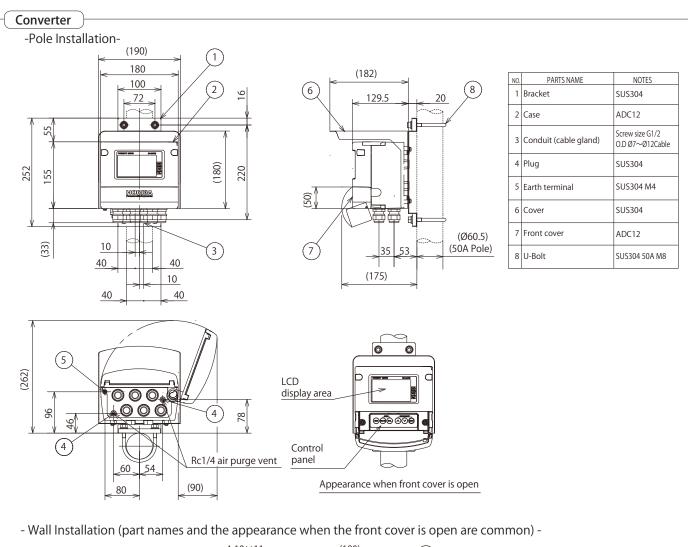
## Combination

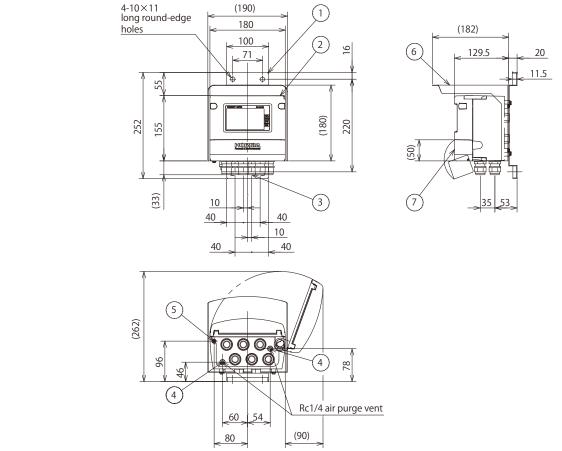


\*1: The hanging chain unit consists of a chain for hanging the detector (4m), shackles, chain fasteners and a bracket for hanging the detector.

- \*2: The wire unit consists of a wire (4m), a weight (3.6kg), shackles, wire clips and connecting brackets.
- \*3: Pole stand for installing the converter, mounting bracket (MH-75) or relay box.
- \*4: The CT-25SS has a rainproof structure and the TB-25 has a moisture-proof structure.
- \*5: Can be extended to up to 10m.

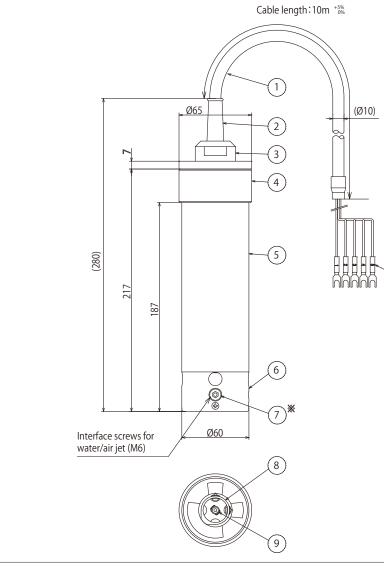
## HU-200TB-IM Turbidity and Suspended Solids Analyzer (External Dimensions 1)





## HU-200TB-IM Turbidity and Suspended Solids Analyzer (External Dimensions 2)

## (Turbidity detector (SS-150)



NO.	PARTS NAME	NOTES
1	Cable	PVC
2	Cable cover	EPDM
3	Cable nut	PPO
4	Adaptor	PVC
5	Sensor body	SUS316
6	Sensor head	PFA, POM
7	Plug	M6, SUS316
8	Cleaner	POM, EPDM
9	Hexagon socket head bolt	M3, SUS316
10	Y Terminal	M4

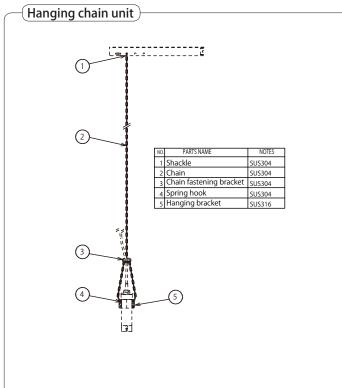
## Specifications

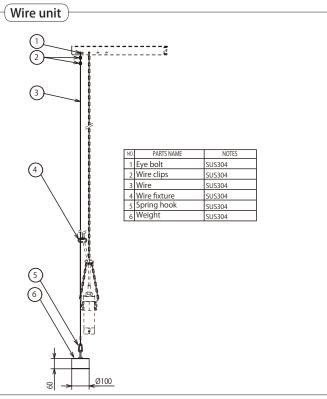
(10)

Conditions of measured liquid: Temperature range: 0 - 45°C (no freezing) Pressure range: 0 - 0.1MPa

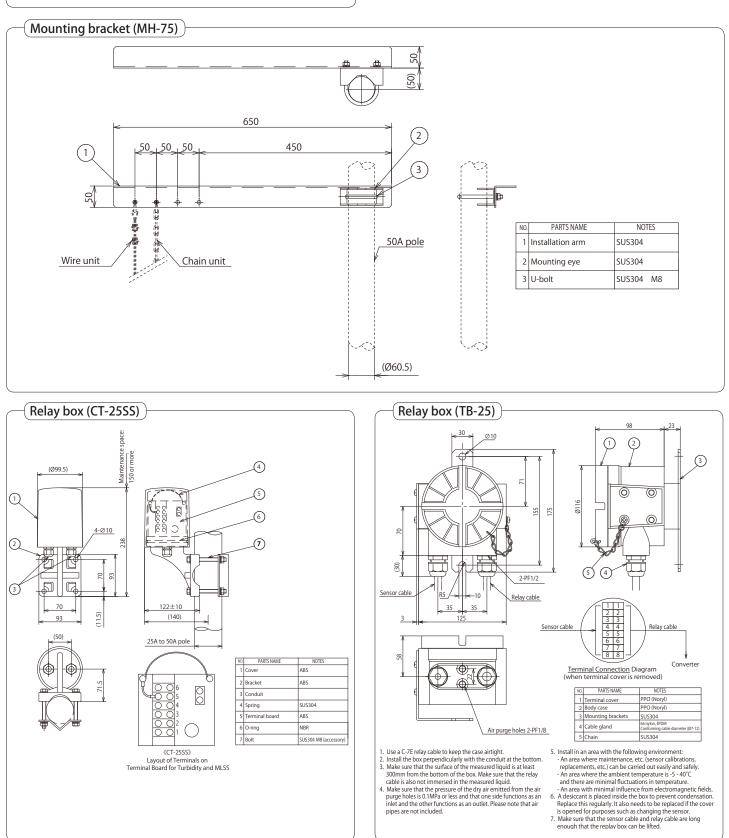
Materials of wetted part: PFA, PVC, PPO, POM, EPDM, FKM, SUS316 Weight: Approx. 1.0kg (excluding cable) Tolerance of dimensions: According to JIS B 0405 Tolerance Class v

\* Remove the plug (7) when using the cleaner.

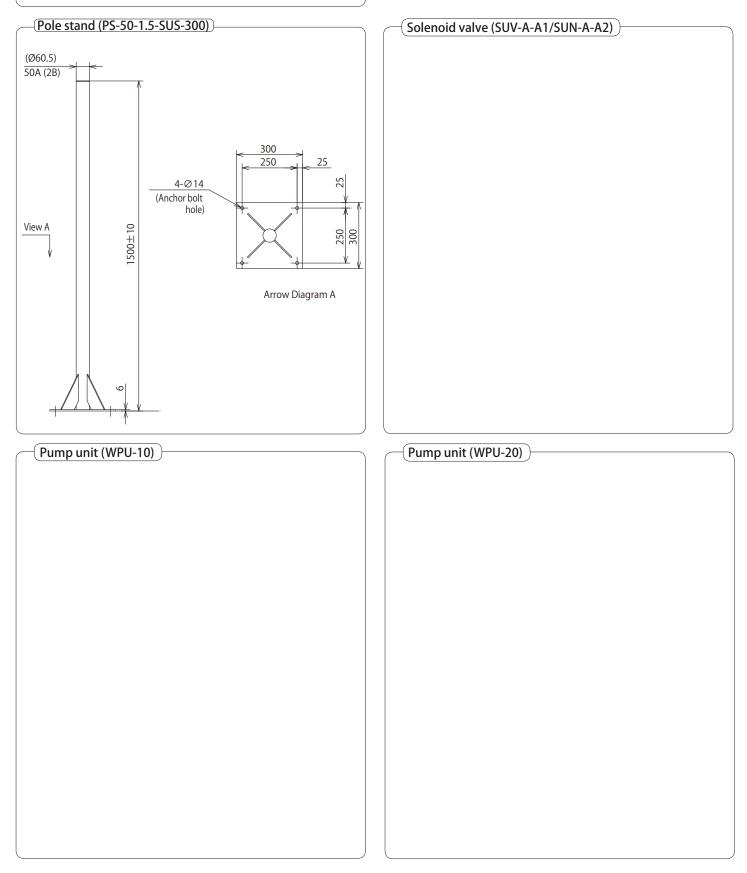




## HU-200TB-IM Turbidity and Suspended Solids Analyzer (External Dimensions 3)



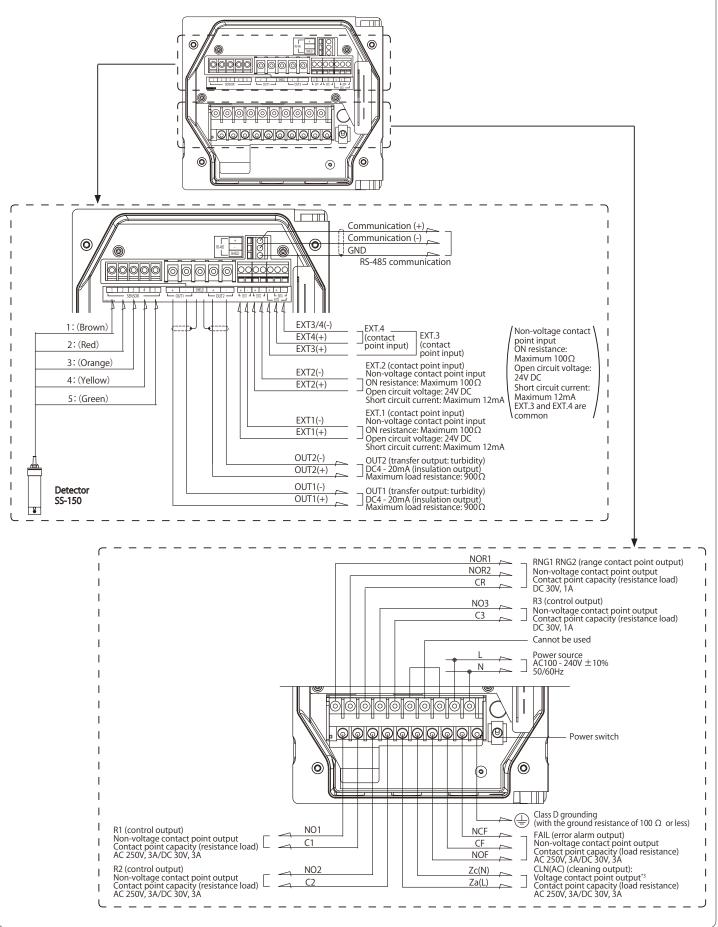
## HU-200TB-IM Turbidity and Suspended Solids Analyzer (External Dimensions 4)



## Command Converter for HU-200TB-IM Turbidity and Suspended Solids Analyzer (External Connection Diagram)

## Converter + turbidity detector

- The wiring of the HU-200TB-IM converter and the turbidity detector (SS-150) is described below.



# HU-200TB-IM Turbidity and Suspended Solids Analyzer (Specifications 1)

## Converter Specifications 1

 Below are the specifications of the HU-200TB-IM converter.
 The specifications of accessories such as the turbidity detector (SS-150) are indicated in each external dimension diagram. Please refer to these for details.

Product name		rbidity and Suspended	Solids Analy	/zer	
Model	HU-200TB-IM				
Turbidity and suspended solids detection method	SS-150				
Measurement method	ent 90-degree transmission scattering method		Measurement method suitable for turbidity (Kaolin)		
	Transmissior	n method		Measurement method suitable for 50 m	g/L or more of suspended solids (Kaolin)
Measurable range	Turbidity	90-degree	Formazin	0 - 4000 degrees	
		transmission scattering method	Kaolin	0 - 2000 degrees (reference can be displ	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Suspended solids	90-degree transmission scattering method	Kaolin	0 - 2000 mg/L (reference can be display	ed for 2001 - 4000 mg/L)
		Transmission method			
Repeatability Jusing Horiba's Standard fluid)	Turbidity	90-degree transmission	Formazin	0 - 2000 degrees / The larger of $\pm$ 2% or $\pm$ 0.5 degrees of the read value 2001 to 4000 degrees / The higher of within $\pm$ 3%	
standard Huid)		scattering method	Kaolin	0 - 1000 degrees / The larger of $\pm$ 2% o 1001 - 2000 degrees / The higher of witl	
	Suspended	90-degree	Kaolin	0 - 1000mg/L / The larger of $\pm$ 2% or $\pm$	
	solids	transmission scattering method		1001 - 2000  mg/L / The higher of within	
		Transmission method	1	0 - 2000mg/L / The larger of $\pm$ 5% or $\pm$	5 mg/L of the read value
Linearity (using Horiba's	Turbidity	90-degree transmission	Formazin	values is the larger of $\pm$ 3% or $\pm$ 3 degi	
standard fluid)		scattering method		2001 - 4000 degrees / The deviation from the intermediate point of span calibration values is $\pm$ 5% of the calibration value	
			Kaolin	0 - 1000 degrees / The deviation from the intermediate point of span calibration values is the larger of $\pm$ 3% or $\pm$ 3 degrees of the calibration value	
				1001 - 2000 degrees / The deviation from calibration values is $\pm$ 5% of the calibra	tion value
	Suspended		Kaolin	0 - 1000mg/L / The deviation from the in	ntermediate point of span calibration
	solids	transmission scattering method		values is the larger of $\pm$ 3% or $\pm$ 3 mg/L of the calibration value	
	Transmission method		1001 - 2000 mg/L / The deviation from the intermediate point of span calibration values is $\pm$ 5% of the calibration value		
			0 - 1000mg/L / The deviation from the intermediate point of span calibration values is the larger of $\pm$ 3% or $\pm$ 3 mg/L of the calibration value		
			values is $\pm$ 10% of the calibration value		
Display resolution	Turbidity			0.01 (range of 0 - 10)	Select a fixed range (decimal point) or
				0.1 (range of 10 - 100) 1 (range of 100 - 1000)	automatic range switching
	Suspended solids			1	Fixed range (decimal point)
	Absorbance			0.001	0.000 - 3.000 Input a three-dimensional function so tha the value is within the abovementioned range of values that can be converted to a concentration value.
Transmission	Number of c	output points		2	•
output	Output type			DC4-20mA input/output insulation type	
	Load resistance			Maximum 900 Ω	
	Repeatability			Within $\pm$ 0.02mA (output only)	
	Linearity			Within $\pm$ 0.08mA (output only)	
	Error output			Burnout capability included (3.8mA or 2	
	Hold capabi			Select from holding at the previous valu	e or holding at an arbitrary value
Contact output		output points		6	
	Output type			No-voltage contact output	
	R1, R2	Contact type		Relay contact, SPST (1a)	
	Contact capacity Contact capability		/	AC250V 3A, DC30V 3A (resistance load)	
					ation, closed usually, closed at power-off)
		Description of a	larm	Setting range: Turbidity: within measurable range     Delay time: 0-600 seconds	
	R3	Contact type		Relay contact, SPST (1a)	
		Contact capacit	<i></i>	DC30V 3A (resistance load)	
		Contact capabil			ion, opened usually, opened at power-off,
		Description of a	larm	Setting range: Turbidity: within measurable range     Delay time: 0-600 seconds	

## HU-200TB-IM Turbidity and Suspended Solids Analyzer (Specifications 2)

Transmission	FAIL	Contact type	Relay contact point, SPST (1c)	
output		Contact capacity	AC250V 3A, DC30V 3A (resistance load)	
		Contact capability	<ul> <li>Error alarms can be set for values outside the measurement range and for self diagnosis output</li> <li>Delay time: 0 - 600 seconds</li> </ul>	
	RANG1,	Contact type	Relay contact, SPST (1a)	
	RANG2	Contact capacity	DC30V 3A (resistance load)	
		Contact capability	Status output of transmission output range	
Contact input	Number of input points		4	
·	Contact type		No-voltage a contact for open collector	
	Conditions		ON resistance: Maximum 100 Ω	
			Open-circuit voltage: DC24V Short-circuit current: Maximum DC 12mA	
	Contact capability	EXT1	Hold command	
		EXT2	Cleaning command	
		EXT3, EXT4	Switching command for up to 4 transfer output ranges	
Communication	Method		RS-485	
capability	Signal type		2 wire type, input/output insulation type (transmission output not insulated)	
Calibration	Calibration method	k	Zero calibration: by filtered clean water	
			Span calibration: A method in which turbidity is adjusted by inputting a turbidi coefficient	
	Compatible standa	rd substances	Kaolin, formazin	
Correction	Correction method		Shift correction: Shift calculation for a particular water sample Coefficient correction: Coefficient calculation for a particular water sample	
Cleaning output	Number of output	points	1 point (water and air jet cleaning pipe units can be used together)	
for auxiliary wiper	Output type	<u>.</u>	Voltage contact output (voltage output of connected power source)	
leaning)	Contact type		Relay contact, SPST (1a)	
	Contact capacity		AC250V 3A, DC30V 3A (resistance load)	
	Settings	Cleaning frequency	0.2-168.0 hours	
		Cleaning time	30-600 seconds	
		Hold time	30-600 seconds	
	Timer accuracy	1	Monthly error margin less than 2 minutes	
	Description of cleaning operation		<ul> <li>Operation by internal timer</li> <li>Operation by internal timer and external connection input</li> <li>The internal timer is only enabled during input from an external contact point</li> <li>Select one cleaning trigger operation (the internal cleaning sequence starts after two or more seconds of input from an external contact point)</li> </ul>	
Self-check	Sensor diagnosis e	rror	Sensor error	
	Sensor check error		CPU error, memory error	
	$-20 - 55^{\circ}$ (no freez Relative humidity of	ing) of 5-90% (no condensatio	n)	
range Storage	-25 - 65℃			
emperature				
Power source	Power supply volta	2 2	AC100-240V 50/60Hz	
	Power consumption		36VA (max, when operating at AC 100V)	
A 1. I.I.	Other		Contains power switch for maintenance	
Applicable standards	CE marking		EMC Directive (2004/108/EC) EN61326-1: 2006*1 Emissions: Class A Immunity: Industrial locations Low Voltage Directive (2006/95/EC) EN61010-1: 2010 (Ed. 3.0)	
	FCC rules		Part 15 CLASS A	
Structure	Installation		Outdoor installation type	
	Installation method	db	50A pole or wall mounting	
	Protection class		IP65	
	Material of case		Aluminum alloy (epoxy glue degeneration melamine resin painting)	
	Material of mounti	ng brackets	SUS304	
	Material of cover		SUS304 (epoxy glue degeneration melamine resin painting)	
	Material of display	window	Polycarbonate	
		window	Reflective monochrome LCD	
	Material of display Display element	window 115 (D) (not including m	Reflective monochrome LCD	

\*1: The surge testing for the EMC directive of the CE mark does not apply to detector cables, transfer cables or contact point input cables that are 30m or longer.

\*2: This instrument is equipped with an arrestor for transfer output, contact point input and communication (firing potential 400 V). However, please install the most suitable surge absorption element in the connection line according to the surrounding environment, installation conditions and external devices that are connected.

## HU-200TB-IM Turbidity and Suspended Solids Analyzer (Specifications 3)

Detector Specifications

Product name	Industrial Turbidity and Suspended Solids Detector		
Model	SS-150		
Measuring principle	90-degree transmission scattering method or transmission method		
Light source	Near infrared LED 860 nm		
Detector	Silicon photo diode		
Detector window material	PFA		
Cell length	30 mm		
Data transfer	RS-485 (communication with converter)		
Cleaning function	Wiper method (standard device) Stepping motor operation Power supply: DC 24 V 6 W supply from HU-200TB-IM converter During cleaning, rotation occurs repeatedly according to a command from the converter. Stands by in the prescribed position after the cleaning time has elapsed.		
Sample water temperature	0 - 45° C (no freezing)		
Storage temperature	-25 - 65° C		
Sample water pressure	0 - 0.1 MPa		
Material of wetted part	PFA, POM, SUS316, FKM, EPDM, PVC, PPO, SUS304		
Cable length	10 m (standard), maximum extension 50 m (total length 60 m)		
Power source	DC 24 V supply from HU-200TB-IM converter		
	Φ 60 x L250 mm (not including cable)		
External dimensions			

## HU-200TB-IM Turbidity and Suspended Solids **Analyzer (Specifications 4)**

#### **Power Source**

- The power supply of this instrument is a free power source with a rated voltage of AC100 to 240 V.
- Check the voltage of the power source, as operating at a voltage outside the rated range causes malfunction. Also, check that the range of fluctuations in supply voltage does not exceed  $\pm$  10%.
- This instrument has a power switch.

#### Main Specifications

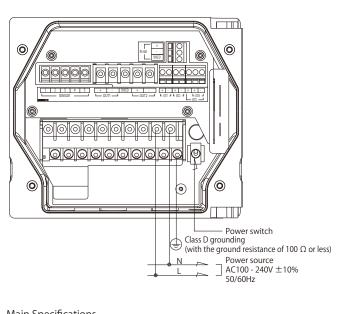
- M4 terminal screws are used for the power supply.
- 0.75 5.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG10 18) electric wires can be used.

Terminal	Block	Specifications	

nu block specifications					
Conforming crimped terminal	Wire size	Screw tightening torque			
MAX8 MAX4.7 for M4 MAX8.5	5.5mm²/MAX (AWG10)	1.2 - 1.8 N∙m			

\*Note: The screws on the terminal block have a fall prevention structure. When installing the terminal block, turn the screws until they lift (upward screw structure).

- Install the power switch near the instrument and ensure that the power source can be turned on and off.
- Install lightning arresters if there is a risk that the instrument will be struck by lightning.
- For safety reasons, be sure to ground the earth terminal (class D grounding: with the ground resistance of 100  $\Omega$  or less).
- Ground separately from electrical equipment such as the motor.



Main Specifications		
	Rated Voltage	Δ

Rated Voltage	AC100 - 240V 50/60Hz		
Power consumption	Maximum 36VA (when operating at AC100V)		
Terminal screw	M4		
Applicable wiring	0.75 - 5.5mm²(AWG10 - 18)		

#### Transmission output

- Equipped with 2 transfer outputs.
- A DC 4 20 mA signal compatible with the measurement range is output.
- Four types of transfer output range can be set for Transfer Output 2 (OUT 2), and it is possible to switch between these using an external input signal (contact point input).
- Receiving resistance on the receiving instrument side is a maximum of 900 Ω.

Select a receiving instrument whose input suits that of this instrument (recorder, meter relay).

An arbitrary full-scale range can be set for the transfer output within the full-scale setting range for measurement values. Also, set a burnout (transmission output: 3.8mA or 21mA). It is possible to set whether to temporarily hold the output value at the last value or a preset value when holding the transmission output during an external signal.

#### Main Specifications

- M3.5 terminal screws are used for the transfer outputs.
- The wire size is 2mm2 (AWG14) max.

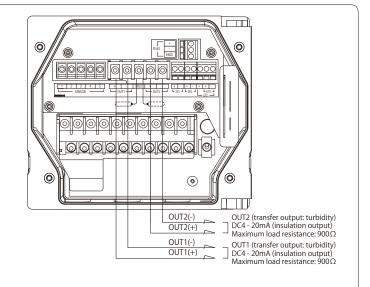
Terminal Block Specifications

Conforming crimped terminal	Wire size	Screw tightening torque
MA6.2 for M3.5	2mm ²/MAX (AWG14)	0.8 - 1.2 N∙m

\*Note: The screws on the terminal block have a fall prevention structure. When installing the terminal block, turn the screws until they lift (upward screw structure)

- Use shield wires for the transfer output cables.

- Install arresters on the output side and receiving instrument side of the instrument if there is a risk that it will be struck by lightning.



Main Specifications

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Transmission output	4 - 20mA DC		
Maximum load resistance	900Ω		
Terminal screw	M3.5		
Applicable wiring	2mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG14)		

## HU-200TB-IM Turbidity and Suspended Solids Analyzer (Specifications 5)

## Contact input

- Equipped with 4 contact point inputs.
   It is possible to put output on hold, operate the cleaner or switch the transfer output range using an external signal.
- It is possible to switch between four preset types of transfer output ranges using the EXT.3 and EXT.4 contact point inputs.

Main Specifications

- 0.14 - 2.5 mm2 (AWG 14 - 26) electric wires can be used.

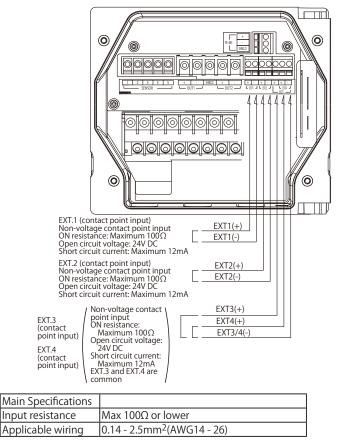
Terminal Block Specifications

Conforming crimped terminal	Wire size	Screw tightening torque
	0.14 - 2.5mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG14 - 26) Single wire or strand wires	0.5 - 0.6 N∙m

\*Note: The screws on the terminal block have a fall prevention structure. When installing the terminal block, turn the screws until they lift (upward screw structure).

- Use a twist pair shielded cable.
- Install arresters on the output side and receiving instrument side of the instrument if there is a risk that it will be struck by lightning.
- The maximum resistance of contact point inputs must be 100  $\boldsymbol{\Omega}$  or lower.
- It is possible to switch between four preset types of transfer output ranges using the EXT.3 and EXT.4 contact point inputs.
   The combinations of contact point inputs and the corresponding transfer output ranges are indicated below.

Contact point	Transfer output range (*1)	
EXT.3	EXT.3 EXT.4	
Open input	Open input	A (*2)
Close	Open input	B (*2)
Open input	Close	C (*2)
Close	Close	D (*2)



\*1: The transfer output range can only be switched for Transfer Output 2 (OUT2). \*2: The four types of transfer output ranges (A - D) need to be set beforehand.

## Range output

- Transfer Output 2 (OUT2) allows external or automatic switching between up to 4 measurement ranges. Some range output contact points can recognize the range being output at Transfer Output 2.

Main Specifications

- M4 terminal screws are used for the power supply. - 0.75 - 5.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG10 - 18) electric wires can be used.

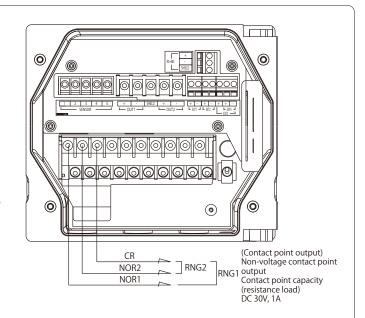
Terminal Block Specifications

minal Block Specifications					
	Conforming crimped terminal	Wire size	Screw tightening torque		
	MAX8 MAX4.7 for M4 MAX8.5	5.5mm ²/MAX (AWG10)	1.2 - 1.8 N∙m		

\*Note: The screws on the terminal block have a fall prevention structure. When installing the terminal block, turn the screws until they lift (upward screw structure).

- Install lightning arresters if there is a risk that the instrument will be struck by lightning.
- For safety reasons, be sure to ground the earth terminal (class D grounding: with the ground resistance of 100  $\Omega$  or less).
- Ground separately from electrical equipment such as the motor.

Contact point output		Transfer output
RNG.1	RNG.2	range (*1)
No output	No output	A (*2)
Output	No output	B (*2)
No output	Output	C (*2)
Output	Output	D (*2)



Main	Specifications	
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Contact capacity	less than 30V DC, 3A	
Type of Contact Output	Range type output	
Terminal screw	M4	
Applicable wiring	0.75 - 5.5mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG10 - 18)	

\*1: The transfer output range can only be switched for Transfer Output 2 (OUT2). \*2: The four types of transfer output ranges (A - D) need to be set beforehand.

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0

NO1

NO2 C2

FAIL (error alarm output) Non-voltage contact point

output Contact point capacity

(load resistance) AC 250V,3A/DC 30V,3A

C1

C3

R3 (control output) Non-voltage contact point

Contact point capacity C (resistance load) Co 30V, 1A

R1 (control output) Non-voltage contact point

output Contact point capacity

(resistance load) AC 250V,3A/DC 30V,3A

R2 (control output) Non-voltage contact point output Contact point capacity

(resistance load) AC 250V,3A/DC 30V,3A

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## HU-200TB-IM Turbidity and Suspended Solids **Analyzer (Specifications 6)**

#### Contact output

- Equipped with 4 contact point outputs (one for FAIL (error alarms)). - Select from 5 types: "Alarm Output (AL)", "Absorbance Alarm Output (Abs)", "Hold (HOLD)", "Cleaning (CLn)" or "None (non)".

Main Specifications

- The contact capacity is less than AC 250 V and 3A or DC 30V and 3 A.
- M4 terminal screws are used.
- Electric wires up to 0.75 5.5mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG10 18) can be used.

**Terminal Block Specifications** 

Conforming crimped terminal	Wire size	Screw tightening torque
MAX8 MAX4.7	5.5mm ²/MAX	1.2 - 1.8
for M4 MAX8.5	(AWG10)	N∙m

\*Note: The screws on the terminal block have a fall prevention structure When installing the terminal block, turn the screws until they lift (upward screw structure).

- Use a varistor or noise killer if noise occurs in the load.

- The NO and NC arrangement is reversed only in the case of fail output. For normal (non-fail) output, the CF-NOF contact is open and the CF-NCF contact is shorted. The C-NOF contact is shorted when the power is off.
- ! If connecting a load higher than the contact capacity or an inductive load (such as a motor or pump), be sure to connect the load through a power relay with a rating higher than that of the load.
- ! Be careful when connecting loads, as the R1-R2 C-NC contact points are shorted when the power of the analyzer is turned off.

Main Specifications	
Contact capacity	Less than 250V AC, 3A or less than 30V DC, 3A (Direct current less than 30V DC, 3A only for R3)
Type of Contact Output	Upper/lower limit operation, error alarm (Error or FAIL), during maintenance, none
Terminal screw	M4
Applicable wiring	0.75 - 5.5mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG10 - 18)

Types of contact (alarm) output			
non		No contact (alarm) output settings.	
AL Upper limit Tur Abs operation		Turns upper limit on/off.	
	Lower limit operation	Turns lower limit on/off.	
HOLD		Output occurs from this contact point during hold mode (when entering the settings menu, calibration menu or user check menu).	
		<ul> <li>Settings menu: The menu used when setting or changing parameters related to measurement</li> <li>Calibration menu: The menu used when performing zero calibration or span calibration</li> <li>User check menu: The menu used when checking the output status, measurement values, etc. or when restoring the default settings</li> </ul>	
CLn		Output occurs from this contact point during cleaning of the detector and for a few seconds after the cleaning operation is completed.	
FAIL Output occurs from this contact point when an error code (E-80/81/82/83/84/85/90/91/92) is reported.		Output occurs from this contact point when an error code (E-80/81/82/83/84/85/90/91/92) is reported.	

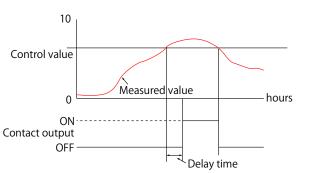
Output occurs from this contact point when an error code (E-80/81/82/83/84/85/90/91/92) is reported.

- Upper limit operation, lower limit operation

These operations are performed by setting a control method, control value and delay time.

Control method: Select whether to control upper-limit or lower-limit operations. Control value: The baseline value that triggers contact point

(alarm) output. Enter this value. Contact point (alarm) output can be delayed until Delay time: a prescribed time has elapsed. These operations are not performed if the control value is only exceeded during this time.



For example, if the control method is upper limit operation, the control value is 8.00 and a delay time is set, the contact point (alarm) activates when 8.00 is exceeded and deactivates when the value falls below 8.00.

## HU-200TB-IM Turbidity and Suspended Solids Analyzer (Specifications 7)

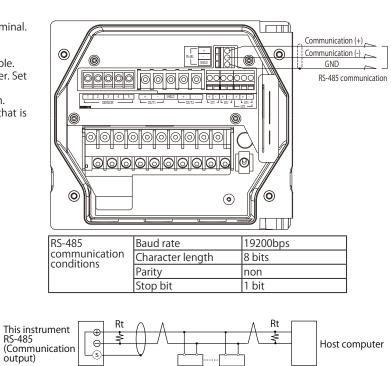
## RS-485

- This instrument is equipped with the RS-485 communication terminal. Connect the wiring before using.
- 0.14 2.5 mm2 (AWG 14 26) electric wires can be used.
- Use a twist pair shielded cable for the communication output cable.
  Up to 32 terminals can be connected including the host computer. Set an address.
- The maximum cable length of the communication cable is 500 m. - Provide termination resistance (Rt: 120  $\,\Omega$  ) for the instrument that is
- the terminus of the RS-485 communication line.

Terminal Block Specifications

Conforming crimped terminal	Wire size	Screw tightening torque
	0.14 - 2.5mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG14 - 26) Single wire or strand wires	0.5 - 0.6 N∙m

\*Note: The screws on the terminal block have a fall prevention structure. When installing the terminal block, turn the screws until they lift (upward screw structure).

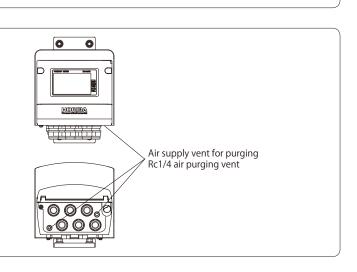


## Air purge

- This instrument is equipped with an air supply vent for purging with air to prevent internal corrosion. If using in an environment with corrosive gas, instrumentation air is constantly passed through the instrument, preventing the corrosive gas from entering the instrument.

Example of external

communication connection



## HU-200TB-IM Turbidity and Suspended Solids Analyzer (Specifications 8)

#### Detector

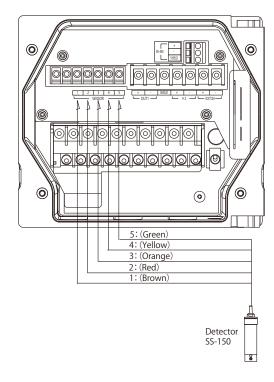
- A single turbidity detector can be used.
   The cleaner (optional) can be operated by an external signal.
- Main Specifications
- M3 terminal screws are used.
- Electric wires up to 1.25mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG16) can be used. (The cable of the detector is a dedicated cable. To extend the cable, use a relay box and dedicated relay cable.)

Terminal Block Specifications



\*Note: The screws on the terminal block have a fall prevention structure. When installing the terminal block, turn the screws until they lift (upward screw structure).

- Do not allow the detector cable terminal and terminal block to come into contact with liquids such as water or soil them with finger marks or oil from hands. This decreases insulation. A decrease in insulation causes commands to become unstable. Be sure to keep dry and clean. If soiled, wipe with alcohol etc. and dry well.
- Do not wire the detector cable or relay cable near equipment that supplies induction to parts such as the motor or the power cable of this equipment.



## Detector Specifications

Product name	Industrial Turbidity and Suspended Solids Detector	
Model SS-150		
Measuring principle	90-degree transmission scattering method or transmission method	
Light source	Near infrared LED 860 nm	
Detector	Silicon photo diode	
Detector window material	PFA	
Cell length	30 mm	
Data transfer	RS-485 (communication with converter)	
Cleaning function	Wiper method (standard device) Stepping motor operation Power supply: DC 24 V 6 W supply from HU-200TB-IM converter During cleaning, rotation occurs repeatedly according to a command from the converter. Stands by in the prescribed position after the cleaning time has elapsed.	
Sample water temperature	0 - 45° C (no freezing)	
Storage temperature	-25 - 65° C	
Sample water pressure	0 - 0.1 MPa	
Material of wetted part	PFA, POM, SUS316, FKM, EPDM, PVC, PPO, SUS304	
Cable length	10 m (standard), maximum extension 50 m (total length 60 m)	
Power source	DC 24 V supply from HU-200TB-IM converter	
External dimensions $\Phi$ 60 x L250 mm (not including cable)		
Mass	Approx. 1.0 kg (not including cable)	

## HU-200TB-IM Turbidity and Suspended Solids Analyzer (How To Install 1)

## Installation environment

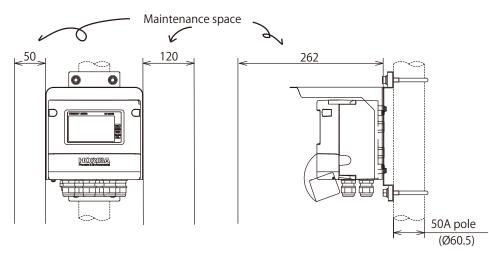
- Install following the conditions below to ensure the instrument is installed in stable conditions.
- Converter
- A well-ventilated area where there is no moisture
- Ambient temperature is above -20° C and below 55° C
- An area with no direct sunlight
- An area where there is no direct high radiation heat
- An area where the relative humidity is 90% or lower
- An area where the instrument will not be splashed with water or chemicals
- An area where there is little mechanical vibration
- An area where maintenance and wiring work can be done
- An area where there is no dust or corrosive gas
- An area where there is little effect from electromagnetic fields
- At an elevation less than 2000m
- A power supply with a voltage fluctuation range of AC 100 240 V  $\pm$  10%  $\mbox{Detector}$
- An area where inspections and maintenance can be carried out easily
- The detector must remain stable when water is running
- At least 5 cm away from the base
- An area where tap water can be obtained for cleaning
- Water samples must not erode the wetted part of the detector
- Water samples must not be frozen
- No more than 10m deep

#### Installing the Converter

This instrument can be installed either on a pole (50 A) or on the wall.

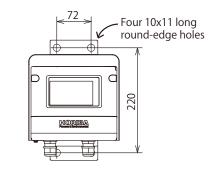
#### -Pole Installation-

Allow space for maintenance of the unit.



#### -Wall Installation-

Allow space for maintenance of the unit. (The same maintenance space as for pole installation is required.)



## HU-200TB-IM Turbidity and Suspended Solids Analyzer (How To Install 2)

#### Installing the Detector

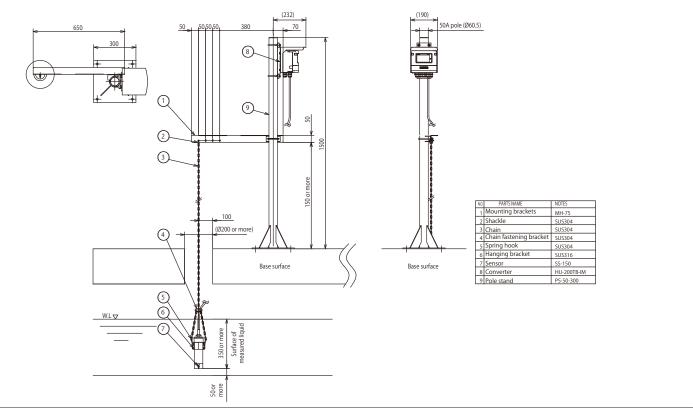
The detector must always be suspended below the surface of the water.
Measurement results are not affected as long as the detector is 2cm from the base.

Please install it at least 5cm away from the base to enable replacement and at least 50cm from the base to prevent mud from being lifted.

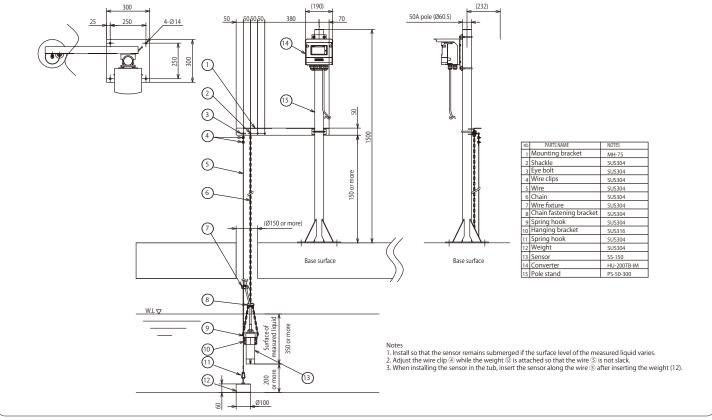
- The detector can be hung by the optional chain to alleviate tension in the cable.
- Take care to ensure that the force of the water does not cause the detector to move.
- Avoid areas with air bubbles.

If using the hanging chain unit or wire unit, install these according to the diagrams below.

## -If using the hanging chain unit-



—If using the hanging chain unit or wire unit-



## HU-200TB-IM Turbidity and Suspended Solids Analyzer (Wiring 1)

## Power Source

- The power supply of this instrument is a free power source with a rated voltage of AC100 to 240 V.
- Check the voltage of the power source, as operating at a voltage outside the rated range causes malfunction. Also, check that the range of fluctuations in supply voltage does not exceed ± 10%.
   This instrument has a power switch.

#### Main Specifications

- M4 terminal screws are used for the power supply.
- 0.75 5.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG10 18) electric wires can be used.
- Install the power switch near the instrument and ensure that the power source can be turned on and off.
- İnstall lightning arresters if there is a risk that the instrument will be struck by lightning.
- For safety reasons, be sure to ground the earth terminal (class D grounding: with the ground resistance of 100  $\Omega$  or less).
- Ground separately from electrical equipment such as the motor.

Terminal	Block Specifications	

Conforming crimped terminal	Wire size	Screw tightening torque
MAX8 MAX4.7	5.5mm ²/MAX	1.2 - 1.8
for M4 MAX8.5	(AWG10)	N∙m

\*Note: The screws on the terminal block have a fall prevention structure. When installing the terminal block, turn the screws until they lift (upward screw structure).

#### Transmission output

- Equipped with 2 transfer outputs.
- A DC 4 20 mA signal compatible with the measurement range is output. - Four types of transfer output range can be set for Transfer Output 2 (OUT 2), and it is possible to switch between these using an external
- input signal (contact point input). - Receiving resistance on the receiving instrument side is a maximum of
- 900  $\Omega$  . Select a receiving instrument whose input suits that of this instrument
- (recorder, meter relay).
  An arbitrary full-scale range can be set for the transfer output within the full-scale setting range for measurement values. Also, set a burnout (transmission output: 3.8mA or 21mA). It is possible to set whether to temporarily hold the output value at the last value or a preset value when holding the transmission output during an external signal.

#### Main Specifications

- M3.5 terminal screws are used for the transfer outputs.
- The wire size is 2mm2 (AWG14) max.
- Use shield wires for the transfer output cables.
- Install arresters on the output side and receiving instrument side of the instrument if there is a risk that it will be struck by lightning.

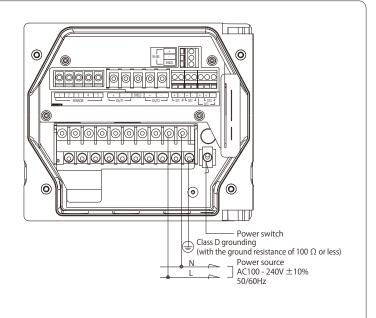
Terminal Block Specifications

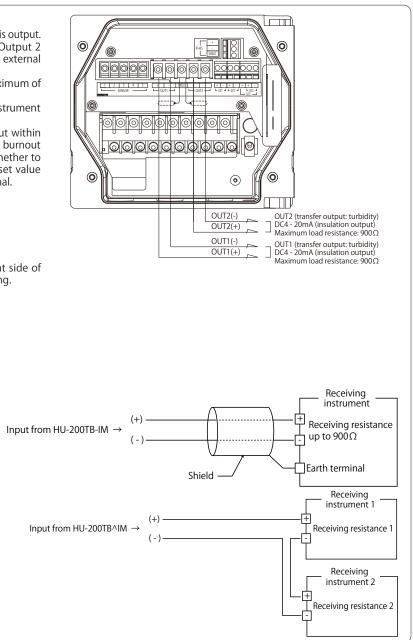
Conforming crimped terminal	Wire size	Screw tightening torque
MA6.2 MAX3.6 for M3.5 MAX7.2	2mm ²/MAX (AWG14)	0.8 - 1.2 N∙m

\*Note: The screws on the terminal block have a fall prevention structure. When installing the terminal block, turn the screws until they lift (upward screw structure).

#### **Receiver side**

- Ground the shielded cable on the receiving instrument side.





- When making multiple connections to the receiving instrument
- Connect to the series as shown in the figure on the right.

The total resistance for the connected receiving instrument is 900  $\boldsymbol{\Omega}$  .

## HU-200TB-IM Turbidity and Suspended Solids Analyzer (Wiring 2)

## Contact input

- Equipped with 4 contact point inputs.
   It is possible to put output on hold, operate the cleaner or switch the transfer output range using an external signal.
- It is possible to switch between four preset types of transfer output ranges using the EXT.3 and EXT.4 contact point inputs.

Main Specifications

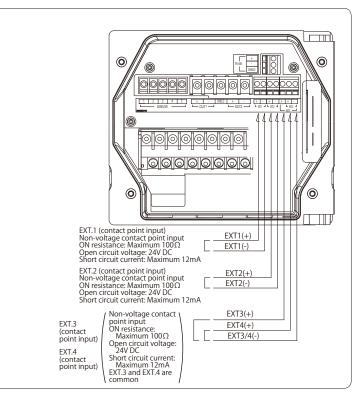
- 0.14 2.5 mm2 (AWG 14 26) electric wires can be used.
- Use a twist pair shielded cable.

Install arresters on the output side and receiving instrument side of the instrument if there is a risk that it will be struck by lightning. - The maximum resistance of contact point inputs must be 100  $\Omega$  or lower.

**Terminal Block Specifications** 

Conforming crimped terminal	Wire size	Screw tightening torque
	0.14 - 2.5mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG14 - 26) Single wire or strand wires	0.5 - 0.6 N∙m

\*Note: The screws on the terminal block have a fall prevention structure. When installing the terminal block, turn the screws until they lift (upward screw structure).



## Range output

- Transfer Output 2 (OUT2) allows external or automatic switching between up to 4 measurement ranges. Some range output contact points can recognize the range being output at Transfer Output 2.

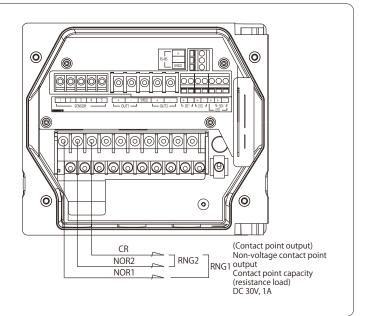
Main Specifications

- M4 terminal screws are used for the power supply.
- 0.75 5.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG10 18) electric wires can be used.
- Install lightning arresters if there is a risk that the instrument will be struck by lightning.
- For safety reasons, be sure to ground the earth terminal (class D grounding: with the ground resistance of 100  $\Omega$  or less ).
- Ground separately from electrical equipment such as the motor.

Terminal Block Specifications

Conforming crimped terminal	Wire size	Screw tightening torque
MAX8 MAX4.7 for M4 MAX8.5	5.5mm ²/MAX (AWG10)	1.2 - 1.8 N∙m

\*Note: The screws on the terminal block have a fall prevention structure. When installing the terminal block, turn the screws until they lift (upward screw structure).



## HU-200TB-IM Turbidity and Suspended Solids Analyzer (Wiring 3)

#### Contact output

Equipped with 4 contact point outputs (one for FAIL (error alarms)).
Select from 5 types: "Alarm Output (AL)", "Absorbance Alarm Output (Abs)", "Hold (HOLD)", "Cleaning (CLn)" or "None (non)".

Main Specifications

- The contact capacity is less than AC 250 V and 3A or DC 30V and 3 A.
- M4 terminal screws are used.
- Electric wires up to 0.75 5.5mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG10 18) can be used.
- Use a varistor or noise killer if noise occurs in the load.
- The NO and NC arrangement is reversed only in the case of fail output. For normal (non-fail) output, the CF-NOF contact is open and the CF-NCF contact is shorted. The C-NOF contact is shorted when the power is off.
- ! If connecting a load higher than the contact capacity or an inductive load (such as a motor or pump), be sure to connect the load through a power relay with a rating higher than that of the load.
- ! Be careful when connecting loads, as the R1-R2 C-NC contact points are shorted when the power of the analyzer is turned off.

Terminal Block Specifications

Conforming crimped terminal	Wire size	Screw tightening torque
MAX8 MAX4.7	5.5mm ²/MAX	1.2 - 1.8
for M4 MAX8.5	(AWG10)	N∙m

\*Note: The screws on the terminal block have a fall prevention structure. When installing the terminal block, turn the screws until they lift (upward screw structure).

#### Detector

- A single turbidity detector can be used.
- The cleaner (optional) can be operated by an external signal.

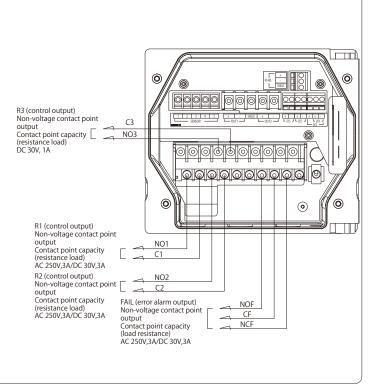
Main Specifications

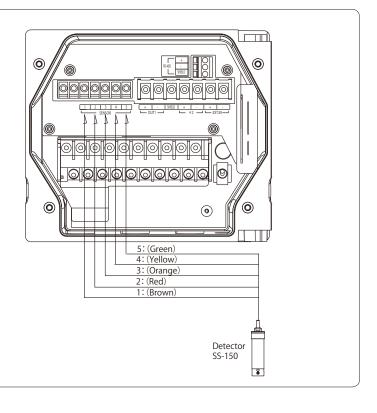
- M3 terminal screws are used.
- Electric wires up to 1.25mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG16) can be used. (The cable of the detector is a dedicated cable. To extend the cable, use a relay box and dedicated cable (relay cable).)
- Do not allow the detector cable terminal and terminal block to come into contact with liquids such as water or soil them with finger marks or oil from hands. This decreases insulation. A decrease in insulation causes commands to become unstable. Be sure to keep dry and clean. If soiled, wipe with alcohol etc. and dry well.
- Do not wire the detector cable or relay cable near equipment that supplies induction to parts such as the motor or the power cable of this equipment.

Terminal Block Specifications

-		
Conforming crimped terminal	Wire size	Screw tightening torque
MAX6.5 for M3	1.25mm²/MAX (AWG16)	0.8N•m

\*Note: The screws on the terminal block have a fall prevention structure. When installing the terminal block, turn the screws until they lift (upward screw structure).





Communication (+)

Communication (-)

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RS-485 communication

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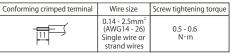
## HU-200TB-IM Turbidity and Suspended Solids Analyzer (Wiring 4)

#### RS-485

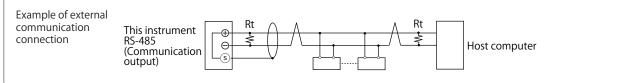
- This instrument is equipped with the RS-485 communication terminal. Connect the wiring before using.
- 0.14 2.5 mm2 (AWG 14 26) electric wires can be used.
- Use a twist pair shielded cable for the communication output cable.
  Up to 32 terminals can be connected including the host computer. Set an address.
- The maximum cable length of the communication cable is 500 m. - Provide termination resistance (Rt: 120  $\,\Omega$  ) for the instrument that is

the terminus of the RS-485 communication line.

Terminal Block Specifications



\*Note: The screws on the terminal block have a fall prevention structure. When installing the terminal block, turn the screws until they lift (upward screw structure).



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