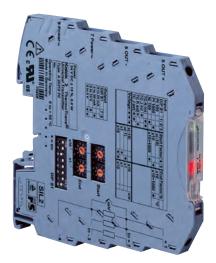
Interface Technology

Temperature Transmitters



ThermoTrans A 20210

Standard transmitters for temperature measurement in a 6 mm housing using resistance thermometers or thermocouples.

The Task

In virtually all areas of industry, temperatures are continuously measured and often used as a reference input for closed-loop control systems, monitoring systems, safety shutdown systems, or for similar critical jobs. As a rule, high demands are placed on function, accuracy, flexibility and electrical safety. Different sensors are used depending on the measuring task. They provide a raw signal which is prepared, linearized and standardized for further processing using a temperature transmitter.

The Problem

The range of standardized and commercial temperature sensors is extremely broad. The large number of sensors, connection variants, individual temperature ranges, different supply voltages, and required output signals call for very flexible transmitters that can be optimally suited to the different conditions.

However, the required flexibility should not come at the price of complex operation. Rather, being able to easily make adjustments on site is desirable. High performance should not result in increased susceptibility – high reliability and availability are essential.

The Solution

The flexible ThermoTrans A 20210 temperature transmitters provide connection possibilities for most of the common thermocouples and resistance thermometers. They can be flexibly adapted to the respective measuring task using DIP and rotary encoder switches.

3-port isolation with protective separation up to 300 V AC/DC according to EN 61140 ensures optimum protection of personnel and equipment as well as unaltered transmission of measuring signals. The ThermoTrans A 20210 offer maximum performance in the smallest of spaces.

Resistance thermometers can be operated in 2-, 3- or 4-wire configuration. The connection configuration is automatically recognized, adjustment is not required. Thermocouples can be detected with internal or external reference junction compensation.

Input voltage signals up to ± 1000 mV are converted into standard 0/4 to 20 mA or 0 to 10 V signals. This enables low-cost implementation of current measurements using shunt resistors, for example.

Special measuring tasks can be solved with ThermoTrans devices which Knick configures according to individual specifications. Fixed-range devices without switch are used, for example, when manipulations or mix-ups must be precluded.

The Housing

The modular housing – 6 mm slim – is stingy with enclosure space and allows for high component densities. DIN rail bus connectors inserted in the mounting rail facilitate the power supply connection if necessary.



Facts and Features

- Flexible use
 with common temperature sensors:
 - Pt100, Pt1000, Ni100, type J and K thermocouples
- Intuitive configuration easy, without tools, using 4 rotary and 8 DIP switches
- Calibrated range selection without complicated adjustment
- Automatic detection of the sensor connection (2-, 3-, or 4-wire)

- Protective separation
 according to EN 61140 protection
 of the maintenance staff and down stream devices against excessively
 high voltages up to 300 V AC/DC
- High accuracy with innovative switching concept
- Minimum space requirement in the enclosure – only 6 mm wide modular housing – more transmitters per meter of mounting rail
- Low-cost assembly quick mounting, convenient, connection of power supply via DIN rail bus connectors
- 5-year warranty









Interface Technology

Temperature Transmitters

Product Line																	
ThermoTrans A 20210, adjustable	_																
Order no.	A 20210 P0																
ThermoTrans A 20210, fixed setting	9																
Order no.	A 20210 P0 /																
Input / sensor type	Pt100 (-200 +850 °C) Pt1000 (-200 +850 °C) Ni100 (-60 +180 °C) TC / J (-210 +1200 °C) TC / J (-210 +1200 °C) TC / J (-210 +1200 °C), ext. ref. junction compensation (Pt100) TC / K (-200 +1372 °C), ext. ref. junction compensation (Pt100) U (-1000 mV +1000 mV) Other																
Start of range	Prefix + or - 4-digit number (°C / mV)		х	х	х	Х	X										
End of range	Prefix + or - X 4-digit number (°C / mV) X X X						х	х									
Output	0 20 mA 4 20 mA 0 10 V 0 5 V											A B C D					
Further customer-specific settings (e.g., different thermocouple)	Without As specified											n	n	n	n		
Example																	
Fixed setting model	Pt1000 / -50 °C +150 °C / 4 20 mA																
	Order no. A 20210 P0 /	Q	-	0	0	5	0	+	0	1	5	0	В				
Accessories												Or	dei	r no			
DIN rail bus connector	Power supply bridging for two isolators each										ZU 0628						
IsoPower A 20900	Power supply									A 20900 H4							
ZU 0678 DIN rail bus connector	for tapping of supply voltage (on right side of IsoPower A 20900, 2 units required)										ZU 0678						
Supply terminal	for 24 V DC (redundant) to ZU 0628									ZU 0677							



Specifications

Resistance thermometers			
Input data	Sensor type	Standard	Range
Input	Pt100	DIN 60751	−200 +850 °C
	Pt1000 Ni100	DIN 60751 DIN 43760	–200 +850 °C –60 +180 °C
Connection			nition), signaling via yellow LED
Resistance range	0 5 kohms		
incl. line resistance			
Max. line resistance	100 ohms		
Supply current	200 μΑ, 400 μΑ	or 0 500 μA	
Line monitoring	Open circuits		
Input error limits	Resistances < 5 Resistances > 5		\pm (50 mohms + 0.05 % meas. val.) for spans > 15 ohms \pm (1 ohm +0.2 % meas. val.) for spans >50 ohms
Temperature coefficient at the input		djusted end valu nin allowable op	ue erating temp range, reference temp 23 °C)
Thermocouples			
Input data	Sensor type	Standard	Range
Input	Type J Type K	DIN 60584-1 DIN 60584-1	-210 +1200 °C -200 +1372 °C
Input resistance	>10 Mohms		
Max. line resistance	1 kohm		
Line monitoring	Open circuits		
Input error limits	$\pm (10 \mu\text{V} + 0.05)$	% meas. val.) for	spans > 2 mV
Temperature coefficient at the input		djusted end valu nin allowable op	ie erating temp range, reference temp 23 °C)
Reference junction compensation	internal external (Pt100)	, fixed value or u	ncompensated
Internal reference junction compensation error	< 1.5 K		
External reference junction compensation error	< 80 mohms + 0).1 % meas. val.	via Pt100 for $T_{comp} = 0 \dots 80 ^{\circ}C$
Shunt voltages			
Input data			
Input	-1000 +1000	mV unipolar/bij	polar
Input resistance	> 10 Mohms		
Input error limits	$\pm (200 \mu V + 0.05)$	5 % meas. val.) fo	r spans > 50 mV
Line monitoring	Open circuits		
Temperature coefficient at the input		djusted end valu nin allowable op	ue erating temp range, reference temp 23 °C)
Overload capacity	5 V across all inp	outs	

Interface Technology

Temperature Transmitters

Specifications (continued)

Output data					
Outputs	0 20 mA, 4 20 mA, 0 5 V 0 10 V	calibrated switching (default setting 4 20 mA)			
Control range		of span at 0 20 mA, 0 10 V or 0 5 V output 5 % of span at 4 20 mA output			
Resolution	16 bit				
Load	Current output: Voltage output:	≤ 10 V (≤ 500 ohms at 20 mA) ≤ 1 mA (≥ 10 kohms at 10 V)			
Output error limits	Current output: Voltage output:	\pm (10 μ A + 0.05 % meas. val.) \pm (5 mV + 0.05 % meas. val.)			
Residual ripple	< 10 mV _{eff}				
Temperature coefficient at the output	< 50 ppm/K full scale (average TC in allowa	ble operating temperature range, reference temperature 23 °C)			
Error signaling	via output signal and out-of-range condition	≤ 3.6 mA or ≥ 21 mA output: V = 0 V or V ≥ 5.25 V or V ≥ 10.5 V			
Response					
Characteristic	Rising / falling linearl	у			
Measuring rate Display	approx. 3 / s*				
Green LED	Power supply				
Yellow LED	Signaling the connec	tion type			
Red LED	Maintenance request/device failure				
Power supply					
Power supply	24 V DC (-20 %, +25 9	%), approx. 1.2 W			
	The power supply car	n be routed from one device to another via DIN rail bus connectors.			



Specifications (continued)

Galvanic isolation	3-port isolation between input, output, and power supply				
Test voltage	2.5 kV AC, 50 Hz: power supply against input against output				
Working voltage (basic insulation)	Up to 300 V AC/DC across all circuits with overvoltage category II and pollution degree 2 according to EN 61010-1. For applications with high working voltages, take measures to prevent accidental contact and make sure that there is sufficient distance or insulation between adjacent devices.				
Protection against electric shock	Protective separation to EN 61140 by reinforced insulation according to EN 61010-1. Working voltage up to 300 V AC/DC across all circuits with overvoltage category II and pollution degree 2. For applications with high working voltages, take measures to prevent accidental contact and make sure that there is sufficient distance or insulation between adjacent devices.				
Standards and approvals					
EMC	Product family standard: EN 61326 Emitted interference: Class B Immunity to interference ¹⁾ : Industrial environment				
cURus	File no. 220033 Standards: UL 508 and CAN/CSA 22.2 No. 14-95				
RoHS conformity Further data	According to directive 2011/65/EU				
Ambient temperature	Operation: $0 \dots +55 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ mounted without gaps $0 \dots +65 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ with gaps $\geq 6 \text{mm}$ Storage: $-25 \dots +85 ^{\circ}\text{C}$				
Ambient conditions	Stationary, weather-protected operation Relative humidity: 5 95 %, no condensation Barometric pressure: 70 106 kPa Water or wind-driven precipitation (rain, snow, hail, etc.) excluded				
Design	Modular housing with screw terminals, 6.2 mm wide See dimension drawings for further measurements				
Tightening torque	0.6 Nm				
ngress protection	Terminals IP 20, housing IP 40				
Mounting	For 35 mm DIN rail acc. to EN 60715				
Connection	Conductor cross sections Single wire 0.2 2.5 mm ² Stranded wire: 0.2 2.5 mm ² 24-14 AWG				
	24-14 AWG				

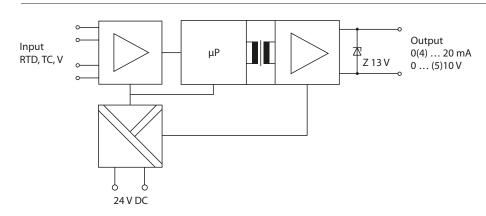
 $^{^{*)}}$ For thermocouples with external reference junction compensation: approx. 2 / s $^{1)}$ Slight deviations are possible while there is interference

Knick > | 175 ThermoTrans A 20210

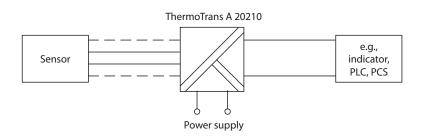
Interface Technology

Temperature Transmitters

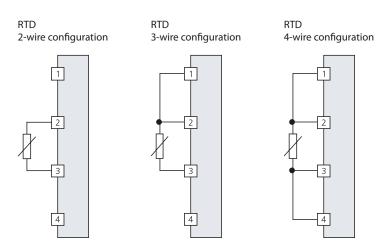
Block Diagram



Typical Applications



Connection of Resistance Thermometers



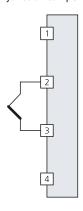


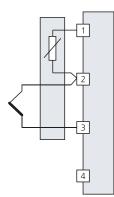
Typical Applications (continued)

Connection of Thermocouples

Thermocouple with internal reference junction compensation

Thermocouple with external reference junction compensation

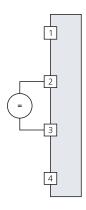


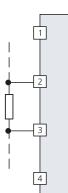


Voltage Input

Voltage measurement

Current measurement via shunt resistor

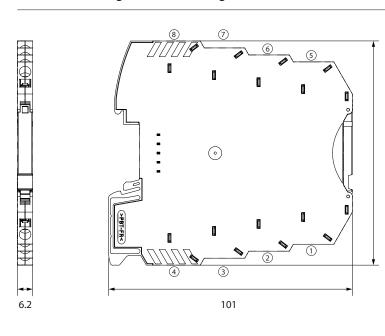




Interface Technology

Temperature Transmitters

Dimension Drawing and Terminal Assignments



Terminal assignments

- 1 Input +
 2 Input +
 3 Input 4 Input 5 Output +
- 6 Output 7 Power supply + 8 Power supply –

Conductor cross-sections: single wire $0.2 \dots 2.5 \text{ mm}^2$ stranded wire $0.2 \dots 2.5 \text{ mm}^2$ 24-14 AWG

Error Signaling

	_		_							
No.	Error	Signal configuration ¹⁾	Outp	Output						
			4 2 [mA]		0 5 [V]	0 10 [V]				
0	None	Not self-locking	-	-	-	-				
1	Underrange	Not self-locking	3.6	0	0	0				
2	Overrange	Not self-locking	21	21	5.25	10.5				
3	Sensor short circuit	Not self-locking	21	21	5.25	10.5				
4	Sensor open	Not self-locking	21	21	5.25	10.5				
5	-	-	_	-	-	-				
6	Output load error	Not self-locking	3.6	0	0	0				
7	Identification of connection	Not self-locking	21	21	5.25	10.5				
8	Switch misadjusted	Not self-locking	21	21	5.25	10.5				
9	Adjustment error	Not self-locking	21	21	5.25	10.5				
10	Device error	Not self-locking	3.6	0	0	0				

With the "self-locking" configuration, the error signal is maintained after termination of the error cause. The error message can be reset through a restart (power supply on/off).

Response of the Output Current (4 ... 20 mA) to Out-of-Range Conditions

