# Fluorescence Spectra from Carbon Nanotubes with the NanoLog<sup>®</sup>

### Introduction

Single-wall carbon nanotubes (SWNTs), consisting of rolled-up single sheets of carbon atoms, have received much attention recently. SWNTs are known to emit in the IR region, and their emission can be used to characterize their diameter and other structural properties. The NanoLog<sup>®</sup> (Fig. 1), the modular spectrofluorometer from HO-RIBA Jobin Yvon, is designed with near-IR detectors and an iHR spectrometer for efficient spectral analysis of SWNT emis-sion. Near-IR detectors available include both liquid-N<sub>2</sub>-cooled Symphony series of InGaAs arrays (Fig. 2), which can take a full spectrum rapidly, as well as economical single-element InGaAs detectors. These detectors are sensitive to photons from 800-1700 nm, with optional detection to longer wavelengths. In addition, for extra sensitivity and timeresolved measurements, a near-IRsensitive photomultiplier-tube may be used as the detector.



Fig. 1. NanoLog<sup>®</sup> near-IR spectrofluorometer.

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**Fig. 2.** Symphony InGaAs array, the standard detector on the NanoLog<sup>®</sup>.

### **Experimental method**

Fluorescence spectra from highpressure-carbon monoxide SWNTs (in aqueous 1% sodium dodecyl sulfate) were recorded using a NanoLog<sup>®</sup>, incorporating a double-grating excitation monochromator (600 grooves/mm, blazed at 1000 nm) and an emission spectrograph (150 grooves/mm, blazed at 1200 nm) for emission. To detect the nanotubes' fluorescence, a Symphonyseries near-IR InGaAs CCD-array (512 pixels  $\times$  1" [2.54 cm], liquid-N<sub>2</sub> cooled) was used, with 2 s integration time per emission scan. The slit-width was 4 mm on both excitation and emission. The step size was 2 nm between points for each scan. Excitation was scanned from 620-815 nm; emission was scanned from 1080-1356 nm. Photoluminescence intensity was measured in terms of <u>signal – dark counts</u> Total acquisition

time for the data was about 10 min.



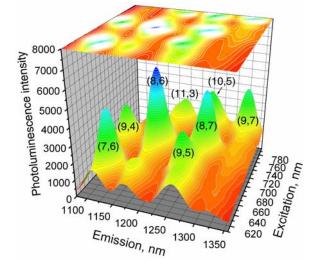


# **Results and discussion**

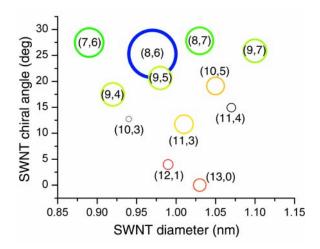
A 3-D excitation-emission matrix scan (Fig. 3) of the entire near-IR spectral region of interest shows an overview of the fluorescence characteristics of the SWNT mixture. The chirality of each species is given by its (n,m) coordinates.<sup>1</sup> The simulation and assignment of spectral peaks provided by HORIBA Jobin Yvon's Nanosizer™ software package (patent pending) is presented in Figs. 3 and 4. In Fig. 3, the upper flat plot includes white contour lines from a simulated spectrum. Assignment of the peaks is shown in Fig. 4. The diameter and chiral angle of rolling-up of the nanotubes is related to the wavelength of the emission peaks.<sup>2</sup>

## Conclusions

Near-IR spectra—including matrix scans—from single-wall carbon nanotubes are easily recorded and analyzed using the NanoLog<sup>®</sup> spectrofluorometer with our Nanosizer<sup>™</sup> software. The NanoLog<sup>®</sup> is useful in a wide array of research related to nanostructures, quantum dots, biomedical research, and materials science for the future.



**Fig. 3.** Emission-excitation matrix scan of a mixture of SWNTs recorded with the NanoLog<sup>®</sup>. Chirality of each species is presented as (n,m). The white lines on the upper surface of the 3-D plot are from a simulation of the same matrix performed by the Nanosizer<sup>TM</sup> software



**Fig. 4.** Analysis, in chiral-map format, by the Nanosizer<sup>TM</sup> of a mixture of SWNTs recorded with the NanoLog<sup>®</sup> in Fig. 3. Chirality of each species is presented as (n,m). The diameters and colors of the circles are related to their peak intensities in Fig. 3.

- M.S. Dresselhaus and P.C. Eklund, *Adv. Phys.*, **49**(6), 2000, pp. 705–814.
- <sup>2</sup> S.M. Bachillo, *et al.*, *Science*, **298** (2002), pp. 2361–2366.

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